2018 LAW Survey Almost teny changed soo

Almost *ten years* since the 2008 LAW Survey was conducted, we review what's changed socially and in the legal sector and why a new LAW Survey is needed.



What is the **cost** for the Australian economy and health and other human services of lack of access to justice?

What were the key findings in 2008? I

How many legal problems did people experience in 12 months?



What were their legal problems about?



What did people do when they had a legal problem?



Took no action

Sought legal advice

9% of our population experience65% of the legal problems



Everyday legal problems can have a substantial effect on *health*, *wellbeing* and *workforce participation*. For the most disadvantaged they contribute to a cycle of poverty and for all Australians they can impact our *productivity in the wider economy*. Tackling legal problems effectively requires quality information about the types of problems different people experience and how they go about resolving them.

The most vulnerable to legal problems in 2008

people with a disability



single parents



unemployed people



people living in social housing



business owners



How many people in these groups in 2016

4.3 million people with a disability

Almost 1 million single parents

700,000 unemployed

430,000 dwellings

2 million small businesses



Australia is changing

Overall population growth may have increased demand for legal assistance services and growth in vulnerable groups may have *further increased overall legal need*. Australians experienced an estimated **43.8 million** legal problems in 2007-08. What is that figure now?

Indigenous People who need assistance with core 455,000 > 649,000 28% activities population 2006: 2016: 821,000 1,202,000 **Australians** born overseas Applicants in greatest need for 700,000 more social housing has nearly **Australians** 19mil doubled below the poverty line population 2006 - 2016 3.1 School leavers 4.8 million who finished high million **school** increased from 2006 2016 67% to 76% Non-English speaking Australians who are background religious 1 million 81% o 70%more older

Are legal problems changing?

Changing population profiles and lifestyles may have changed the types of problems experienced. How people spend their time, their work and their living arrangements may all affect the risk of experiencing legal problems. Information about who experiences what types of problems can help the legal profession respond effectively.



Australians

Prisoner population changes

13,000 more adults

Almost **double** the number of women

24% 27%
Indigenous
overrepresentation

Unemployment rates rose



4.3% → 5.7% working population

10% **→** 13.5% young people





1 in 4 Australian women have experienced intimate partner violence

Apprehended violence orders



32% in the last 10 years





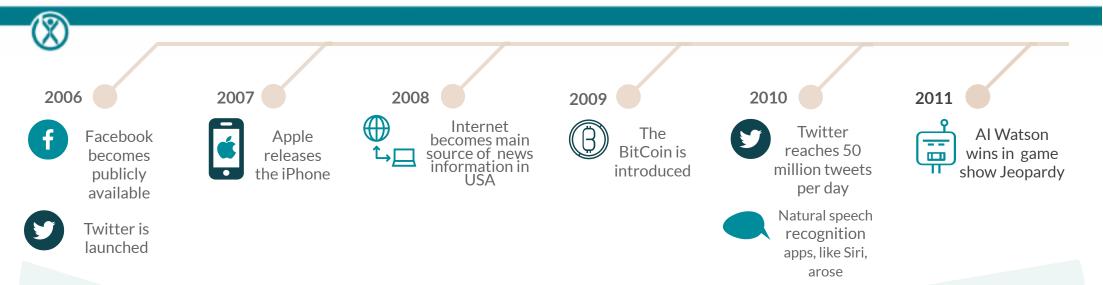
Australians lost

\$300 million in 2016 to online scams



Household debt per person increased by

\$20,000



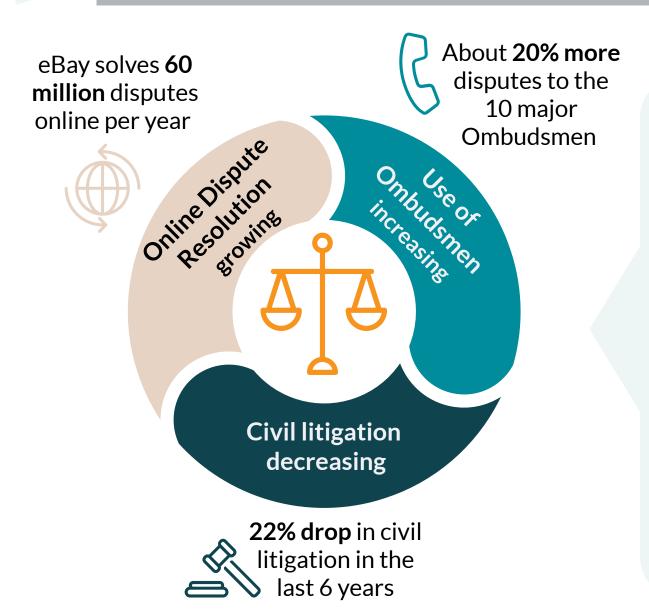
Is access to legal help changing?

Australia has undergone a digital transformation in the way people obtain information and access services. Has this extended to legal services and if so, has the impact varied for different sectors of the community?

Legal technology patent filings up 484% in the last 5 years

40% increase in solicitors in NSW

2016 2006 76% Australian adults 79% 59% Houses with an have a **smart phone** internet connection 2014 2015 2016 Online legal Online courts Democratic legal firms begin in advice platform begin in Canada Australia services emerge online 65% of criminal court first appearances in NSW are via video link



Is problem resolution changing?

3.4% of finalised legal problems were resolved using courts or tribunals. The way legal problems are resolved is changing: the number of civil court cases is falling while the number of Ombudsmen cases is increasing. What are the reasons behind this?

Understanding the barriers to problem resolution can assist in the design of more accessible dispute resolution processes.



What can we learn from a 2018 LAW Survey?



What legal problems people have experienced, including *new* and emerging problems?

What are the direct and indirect **costs** of legal problems?





Where do people go to get *assistance*, when and why?

How is **technology** used to get assistance and resolve legal problems?





What are the *life events* that increase individual vulnerabilities?



How and where are legal problems being *finalised* now?

A note on our methodology:

In 2008, questions were asked using landline telephones. With the demise of the landline this is no longer feasible and so the 2018 survey will not be comparable with 2008. *Our new survey design* will be *sustainable* and *flexible*, providing a benchmark against which future trends can be assessed. Our preference is to send interviewers to people's homes and to invite respondents to join a research panel. This is the best method for robust social surveys, but it is also the most expensive. Your support is therefore crucial to building this essential evidence base.

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